Hazard, exposure pathway, endpoint and effect					Maximum risk - no preventative measure (uncontrolled)					Control points (CP) and preventative measures	Maximum risk	- no į	reventative measure (unc				
Pollutant Group	Use or exposure entry	Receiving Environment or receptor	Environmental Endpoint		Likelihoo	od	Impact		Level of risk	Criticial CP or CP in environmental pathway	Preventative measure/s	Likelihood		Impact	Level of r	isk	- Comment/s
	Quarry storage Dam	Water bodies - surface	Aquatic Biota	Toxicity	3 Poss	ible 1	Insignificant	3	Low	Storage and Distribution System	3	Possible	1	Insignificant 3	Lo	w	
	Discharge from storage (unintentional)	Water bodies - surface	Aquatic Biota	Toxicity	3 Poss	ible 2	Minor	6	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam; OEMP 2	Unlikely	2	Minor 4	Lo	w	
Aluminium sulphate (dosing for P removal)	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Water bodies - surface (Clear Creek)	Aquatic Biota	Toxicity	3 Poss	ible 2	Minor	6	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam Water and soil monitoring program 2	Unlikely	2	Minor 4	Lo	w	
	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Water bodies - groundwater	Aquatic Biota	Toxicity	3 Poss	ible 2	Minor	6	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam Water and soil monitoring program 2	Unlikely	2	Minor 4	Lo	w	
	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Soil	Plants	Toxicity	3 Poss	ible 2	Minor	6	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam Water and soil monitoring program 2	Unlikely	2	Minor 4	Lo	w	
D	Quarry storage Dam	Sediments	Sediments	Toxicity	2 Unlii	sely 1	Insignificant	2	Low	Storage and Distribution System		Rare	1	Insignificant 1	Lo	w	If boron in recycled waters is < 0.5mg/L, it may build up in soils and become toxic to plants with repeated applications (NMHRC 2006, Table A4.1). There are no thresholds for native plants, the most sensitive threshold is applied (<0.3mg/L).
Boron	Recycled water for snowmaking	Soil	Plants	Toxicity	2 Unlii	sely 2	Minor	4	Low	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam Boron concentration in recycled water leaving quarry dam is predicted to be well below critical value for very sensitive plants (threshold 0.3 mg/L)	Rare	2	Minor 2	Lo	w	If boron in recycled waters is < 0.5mg/L, it may build up in soils and become toxic to plants with repeated applications (NMHRC 2006, Table A4.1). There are no thresholds for native plants, the most sensitive threshold is applied (<0.3mg/L).
	Quarry storage Dam	Water bodies - surface	Aquatic Biota	Toxicity	2 Unlii	xely 2	Minor	4	Low	Storage and Distribution System	Recycled water is fit for irrigation prior to placement in Quarry Dam	Rare	2	Minor 2	Lo	w	
Cadmium	Discharge from storage (unintentional)	Water bodies - surface	Aquatic Biota	Toxicity	2 Unlik	sely 2	Minor	4	Low	Storage and Distribution System	Water is fit for irrigation prior to storage in Quarry Dam	Rare	2	Minor 2	Lo	w	
Cadmium	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Water bodies - surface (Clear Creek) and groundwater	Aquatic Biota	Toxicity	2 Unlik	sely 2	Minor	4	Low	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam Water and soil monitoring program	Rare	2	Minor 2	Lo	w	
	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Soil	Plants	Toxicity	2 Unlii	xely 2	Minor	4	Low	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam Water and soil monitoring program	Rare	2	Minor 2	Lo	w	
	Quarry storage Dam	Water bodies - surface	Aquatic Biota	Toxicity	3 Poss	ible 1	Insignificant	3	Low		Online STP chlorine monitoring; Storage in effluent tank, prior to transfer into Quarry Dam; Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam; Water monitoring program for Quarry Dam and Clear Creek	Unlikely	1	Insignificant 2	Lo	w	
Chlorine residuals	Discharge from storage (unintentional)	Water bodies - surface (Clear Creek) and groundwater	Aquatic Biota	Toxicity	3 Poss	ible 2	Minor	6	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Online STP chlorine monitoring; Storage in effluent tank, prior to transfer into Quarry Dam; Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam; OEMP	Unlikely	2	Minor 4	Lo	w	
(including DBPs)	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Water bodies - surface (Clear Creek) and groundwater	Aquatic Biota	Toxicity	3 Poss	ible 2	Minor	6	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Online STP chlorine monitoring; Storage in effluent tank, prior to transfer into Quarry Dam; Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam; Water monitoring program for Quarry Dam and Clear Creek	Unlikely	2	Minor 4	Lo	w	
	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Soil	Plants	Toxicity	3 Poss	ible 2	Minor	6	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Online STP chlorine monitoring; Storage in effluent tank, prior to transfer into Quarry Dam; Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam; Water monitoring program for Quarry Dam and Clear Creek	Unlikely	2	Minor 4	Lo	w	
	Quarry storage Dam	Water bodies - surface	Water - surface	Eutrophication	3 Poss	ible 1	Insignificant	3	Low	Storage and Distribution System	Recycled water is fit for irrigation prior to placement in Quarry Dam	Unlikely	1	Insignificant 2	Lo	w	
	Discharge from storage (unintentional)	Water bodies - surfacewater (Clear Creek)	Water - surface	Eutrophication	3 Poss	ible 3	Moderate	9	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam; OEMP 2	Unlikely	2	Minor 4	Lo	w	
	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Water bodies - surface (Clear Creek)	Water - surface	Eutrophication	3 Poss	ible 3	Moderate	9	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam Water and soil monitoring program 2	Unlikely	2	Minor 4	Lo	w	
Nitrogen	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Water bodies - groundwater	Water - groundwater	Contamination	3 Poss	ible 3	Moderate	9	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam Water and soil monitoring program 2	Unlikely	2	Minor 4	Lo	w	
	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Soil	Plants	Nutrient imbalances	3 Poss	ible 3	Moderate	9	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam Water and soil monitoring program 2	Unlikely	2	Minor 4	Lo	w	

	Haza	Maximum risk - no preventative measure (uncontrolled)						Control points (CP) and preventative measures	n Preventative measure/s		Maximum ris	sk - no p	reventative measure	(unconti	Comment/s				
Pollutant Group	Use or exposure entry	Receiving Environment or receptor	Environmental Endpoint			Likelihood		Impact		Level of risk	Criticial CP or CP in environmental pathway	rieventauve incasurejs		Likelihood		Impact	Level of risk		Comments
	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Soil	Plants	Pests and diseases	3	Possible	3	Moderate	9	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam Water and soil monitoring program	2	Unlikely	2	Minor	4	Low	
	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Soil	Plants	Eutrophication	3	Possible	3	Moderate	9	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam Water and soil monitoring program	2	Unlikely	2	Minor	4	Low	
	Quarry storage Dam	Water bodies - surface	Water - surface	Eutrophication	3	Possible	1	Insignificant	3	Low	Storage and Distribution System, STP Treatment Process	Aluminium sulphate dosing for increased P removal Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam Water Quality Monitoring Program phosphate free soaps can be used in resort	2	Unlikely	1	Insignificant	2	Low	Resort is in alpine region, there are no prior issues with algal blooms within the storage dam, water quality is not prediced to differ from natural variability considering maximum scenario Water quality monitoring will be required to verify the modelling and continued environmental assessment
	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Water bodies - surface (Clear Creek)	Water - surface	Eutrophication	3	Possible	3	Moderate	9	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System, STP Treatment Process	Aluminium sulphate dosing for increased P removal Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam Water Quality Monitoring Program phosphate free soaps can be used in resort	2	Unlikely	2	Minor	4	Low	Resort is in alpine region, there are no prior issues with algal blooms within the storage dam, water quality is not prediced to differ from natural variability considering maximum scenario Water quality monitoring will be required to verify the modelling and continued environmental assessment
Phosphorous	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Water bodies - groundwater	Water - surface	Eutrophication	3	Possible	3	Moderate	9	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System, STP Treatment Process	Aluminium sulphate dosing for increased P removal Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam Water Quality Monitoring Program phosphate free soaps can be used in resort Aluminium sulphate dosing for increased P removal	2	Unlikely	2	Minor	4	Low	Resort is in alpine region, there are no prior issues with algal blooms within the storage dam, water quality is not prediced to differ from natural variability considering maximum scenario Water quality monitoring will be required to verify the modelling and continued environmental assessment
	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Soil	Plants	Nutrient imbalances	3	Possible	3	Moderate	9	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System, STP Treatment Process	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam Water Quality Monitoring Program Aluminium sulphate dosing for increased P removal	2	Unlikely	2	Minor	4	Low	
	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Soil	Plants	Pests and diseases	3	Possible	3	Moderate	9	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System, STP Treatment Process	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam Water Quality Monitoring Program	2	Unlikely	2	Minor	4	Low	
	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Soil	Plants	Eutrophication	3	Possible	3	Moderate	9	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System, STP Treatment Process	Aluminium sulphate dosing for increased P removal Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam Water Quality Monitoring Program phosphate free soaps can be used in resort	2	Unlikely	2	Minor	4	Low	Resort is in alpine region, there are no prior issues with algal blooms within the storage dam, water quality is not prediced to differ from natural variability considering maximum scenario Water quality monitoring will be required to verify the modelling and continued environmental assessment
	Quarry storage Dam	Sediments	Sediments	Salinity	3	Possible	1	Insignificant	3	Low	Storage and Distribution System	Recycled water is fit for irrigation prior to placement in Quarry Dam	2	Unlikely	1	Insignificant	2	Low	Dilution assessment indicates no changes to natural variability of receiving environment salinity based on discharges. Water quality monitoring program will continue to verify the modelling.
	Quarry storage Dam	Water bodies - surface (dam)	Water - surface	Salinity	3	Possible	3	Moderate	9	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Recycled water is fit for irrigation prior to placement in Quarry Dam	2	Unlikely	2	Minor	4	Low	Dilution assessment indicates no changes to natural variability of receiving environment salinity based on discharges. Water quality monitoring program will continue to verify the modelling.
	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Water bodies - surface (Clear Creek)	Biota - aquatic	Loss of biodiversity	3	Possible	3	Moderate	9	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam, further uncontrolled dilution by natural snow on land prior to discharge into Clear Creek Water and soil monitoring program	2	Unlikely	2	Minor	4	Low	Dilution assessment indicates no changes to natural variability of receiving environment salinity based on discharges. Water quality monitoring program will continue to verify the modelling.
Salinity (EC TDS)	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Water bodies - surface (Clear Creek)	Water - surface	Salinity	3	Possible	3	Moderate	9	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam, further uncontrolled dilution by natural snow on land prior to discharge into Clear Creek Water and soil monitoring program	2	Unlikely	2	Minor	4	Low	Dilution assessment indicates no changes to natural variability of receiving environment salinity based on discharges. Water quality monitoring program will continue to verify the modelling.
	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Soil	Grasses	Salinity	3	Possible	3	Moderate	9	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam, further uncontrolled dilution by natural snow on land Water and soil monitoring program	2	Unlikely	2	Minor	4	Low	The pathway of recycled water application and runoff is not through vegetated areas. The estimated salinity (electrical conductivity) in recycled water following dilution in quarry dam is sufficently low. Assessment will need to occur following application to soils in comparison to the critical thresholds (ECe - electrical conductivity in soil water extract) for grasses (most sensitive = 3 ECe).
	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Soil	Plants	Salinity	3	Possible	3	Moderate	9	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam, further uncontrolled dilution by natural snow on land Water and soil monitoring program	2	Unlikely	2	Minor	4	Low	As above
	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Water bodies - surface (Clear Creek)	Biota - aquatic	Loss of biodiversity	3	Possible	1	Insignificant	3	Low	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam, further uncontrolled dilution by natural snow on land Water and soil monitoring program	2	Unlikely	1	Insignificant	2	Low	
Sodium	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Soil	Plants	Salinity	3	Possible	3	Moderate	9	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam, further uncontrolled dilution by natural snow on land Water and soil monitoring program	2	Unlikely	2	Minor	4	Low	Plant sensitivity to chloride is below recycled water chloride concentrations. Chloride concentrations in quarry dam are modelled to be well below criticial thresholds (175 mg/L). In soils at the site have sufficent drainage to manage chloride and sodium build up over time (ie. they are typically characteristic of well drained soils from sandy gravel to silty sand, with shallow top soil layer). They are not heavy clay soils that would be expected to accumulate soils as per AGWR. The risk (and occurrence) of soil sodicity in sandy soils is much lower than for clay soils.

Hazard, exposure pathway, endpoint and effect						kimum risk	no preventative measur	e (uncor	ntrolled)	Control points (CP) and preventative measures	Maximum risi	k - no į	preventative measure	e (uncon	Comment/s			
Pollutant Group	Use or exposure entry	Receiving Environment or receptor	Environmental Endpoint		Likelihood	Likelihood Impact		Level of risk		Criticial CP or CP in environmental pathway	Preventative measure/s	Likelihood		Impact		Level of risk		
	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Water bodies - surface (Clear Creek)	Biota - aquatic	Loss of biodiversity	3 Possit	e	3 Moderate	9	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam, further uncontrolled dilution by natural snow on land Water and soil monitoring program	2 Unlikely	2	Minor	4	Low		
Chloride	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	soil	Plants	Salinity	3 Possit	e	3 Moderate	9	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam, further uncontrolled dilution by natural snow on land Water and soil monitoring program	2 Unlikely	2	Minor	4	Low	Plant sensitivity to chloride is below recycled water chloride concentrations. Chloride concentrations in quarry dam are modelled to be well below criticial thresholds (<175 mg/L). And well below critical sodium thresholds (115 mg/L). The soils at the site have sufficent drainage to manage chloride and sodium build up over time (i.e. they are typically characteristic of well drained soils from sandy gravel to sith sands with shallow top soil layer). They are not heavy clay soils that would be expected to accumulate soils as per AGWR. The risk (and occurrence) of soil sodicity in sandy soils is much lower than for clay soils.	
Surfactants	Recycled water for snowmaking	Water bodies - surfacewater (Clear Creek)	Biota - aquatic	Contamination	2 Unlike	y	3 Moderate	6	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam Water and soil monitoring program phosphate free soaps can be used in resort	2 Unlikely	2	Minor	4	Low		
Surfactants	Unintentional Discharge	Water bodies - surfacewater (Clear Creek)	Biota - aquatic	Contamination	2 Unlike	y	3 Moderate	6	Moderate	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam; phosphate free soaps can be used in resort; OEMP	2 Unlikely	2	Minor	4	Low		
	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	soil	plants	Salinity	2 Unlike	y	2 Minor	4	Low	Storage and Distribution System	Recycled water is fit for irrigation prior to placement in Quarry Dam	2 Unlikely	2	Minor	4	Low	Waterlogging of soils can result in secondary salinity from groundwater rise or movement of nutrients into groundwater from irrication. Not unlike natural	
Hydraulic loading	Application to land (snowmaking/irrigation)	Water bodies - groundwater	Biota - terrestrial	Nutrient imbalances	2 Unlike	y	2 Minor	4	Low	Storage and Distribution System	Sufficent dilution is achieved in the Quarry Dam	2 Unlikely	2	Minor	4	Low	processes - soils are regularly innundated during snow melt events. Soils are expected to be well drained.	